Protected Resources:

North Atlantic right whale protection: The vessel is requested to adhere to right whale protection regulations. Information on Seasonal Management Area (SMA) and Dynamic Management Area (DMA) regulations and information for protecting right whales from collisions with vessels are provided through the NOAA Protected Resources website (http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/pr/shipstrike/), Right Whale Sighting Advisory System (SAS) website (http://www.nefsc.noaa.gov/psb/surveys/), the U.S. Coast Guard’s “Notices To Mariners” and NOAA weather radio.

Mariners are urged to use caution and proceed at safe speeds in areas where right whales occur. U.S. Law (50 CFR 224.105) prohibits operating vessels 65 feet (19.8 meters) or greater in excess of 10 knots in Seasonal Management Areas (SMAs) along the U.S. east coast. Mariners are also requested to route around voluntary speed restriction zones, Dynamic Management Areas (DMAs) or transit through them at 10 knots or less. Approaching within 500 yards of right whales is prohibited, unless the Chief Scientist is in possession of an ESA/MMPA permit allowing such approaches.

Whale sightings: Sightings of right whales, or dead or entangled whales of any species, are extremely valuable and reports are urgently requested. Please report all right whale sightings north of the Virginia-North Carolina border to 978-585-8473; right whale sightings south of that border should be reported to 904-237-4220. Right whale sightings in any location may be reported to the U.S. Coast Guard via VHF channel 16. Protocols for reporting sightings are described in the Guide to Reporting Whale Sightings placard. The placard is available online (http://www.nefsc.noaa.gov/read/protssize/mainpage/surveys/documents/Guide_to_Reporting_Whale_Sightings.pdf) and laminated copies will be provided by the Protected Species Branch upon request. It is requested that this placard be kept on the bridge for quick reference and to facilitate rapid reporting (via satellite phone if necessary). Opportunistic sightings of other marine mammal species that are live and well may be reported using the Platforms of Opportunity (POP) forms and protocols.

Endangered Species Act and Marine Mammal Protection Act reporting requirements: This reporting is required and is in addition to the reports in the above two sections. If the ship has an interaction with a sturgeon, whale, dolphin, porpoise, marine turtle, or seal (e.g., collision with a whale or bycatch of a sea turtle), the NMFS Northeast Regional Office must be notified within 24 hours of the interaction. If an interaction with any of those species occurs or if the vessel’s company notices an animal that is entangled, injured, in distress, or dead, they should contact the Northeast Regional Office’s 24-hour hotline at 866-755-6622 to report the incident and receive further instructions.

Marine turtle bycatch: All marine turtles taken incidental to fishing activities must 1) be handled and resuscitated according to established procedures, 2) be clearly photographed (multiple views if possible, including at least one photograph of the head scutes), 3) be identified to the species level, 4) have width and length (carapace notch to notch, and notch to tip) measured in centimeters, 5) have supporting data recorded including GPS or Loran coordinates recorded describing the location of the interaction; time of interaction; date of interaction; condition of the animal upon retrieval (alive uninjured, alive injured, fresh dead, decomposed, comatose or unresponsive); the condition of the animal upon return to the water; GPS or Loran coordinates of the location at which it was released; and a description of the care or handling provided. Live animals shall then be returned to the sea. Dead animals shall, if feasible, be frozen and returned to the Woods Hole Laboratory.
Marine mammal bycatch:  All marine mammals taken incidental to fishing activities must 1) be clearly photographed (multiple views if possible, including at least one photograph of the head), 2) be identified to the species level, 3) have body length (snout to tail (seals), beak to the notch in the fluke/tail (whales, dolphins and porpoises)), measured in centimeters, 4) have supporting data recorded including GPS or Loran coordinates recorded describing the location of the interaction; time of interaction; date of interaction; condition of the animal upon retrieval (alive uninjured, alive injured, fresh dead, decomposed, comatose or unresponsive). Live animals shall then be returned to the sea. Dead animals shall, if feasible, be frozen and returned to the Woods Hole Laboratory.

Stellwagen Bank:  Any artifacts brought aboard the vessel due to fishing in the Stellwagen Bank National Marine Sanctuary must be immediately returned, as near as possible, to the location of interception. An artifact is defined as anything of man-made origin with the exception of modern fishing gear. Stations located within Stellwagen Bank will be identified prior to the cruise and reported to the chief scientist.